

<p>We acknowledge the traditional custodians of this land of the Gweagal People of the Dharawal Nation.</p>	<p>On 1st July Fr. Anthony Simari, accomplished his journey in this world. May the Lord welcome him to the Eternal House in Heaven. We thank Anthony for his dedicated ministry and friendship. We lost him but Heaven gained. RIP.</p>		<p>On 2 July, the Vatican Press conference presented a statement on "promotion vaccine equity and confront vaccine hesitancy." The statement says that while many developed countries had the resources to quickly acquire Covid-19 vaccines, this left many poorer countries behind. It also pointed that reluctance to being vaccinated in disadvantaged communities "is rooted in historical inequities, breaches of trust in medical research, and negative experiences with health care".</p>		<p>Dear Juliana and Paul, Congratulations on your 10th Wedding Anniversary, May God bless you.</p>
<p>COVID-19 Safety Plan: 1) those with flu symptoms must not enter the church; 2) register via QR code on entry or sign in; 3) sanitise hands on entry; 4) sanitise seats after each service; 5) social distancing 2m apart (Capacity 90 seats).</p>	<p>Mass intentions: (11th July-17th July) Vigil 5pm + Fr Anthony Simari Sun.8am + Reparation Sun. 9.30am For Parishioners Mon. +Souls in Purgatory Tue. +For the Lim/Han Families Wed. +Sr. Miriam, Patricia & Humbert Thurs. + Marie & Vince Hage Fri. + Patrick Lim Jnr Sat. 7.30am + Dr Patrick Lim Snr</p>	<p>"The Lord is my Life..."</p> <p>In October 2021, the Catholic Church in Australia will gather for the first Plenary Council to be held since the Second Vatican Council. In 2018, the entire People of God in Australia began preparing for this historic moment by listening to God and by listening to one another's stories of faith.</p>	<p>Thank God, Roger is recovering well at St. George Hospital.</p>		<p>The Storming of the Bastille occurred in Paris, on 14 July 1789. The medieval fortress, and political prison represented royal authority. The storming was a symbol of liberty and the fight against oppression. The old order of the nation became the focal point of the revolutionaries. The destruction of Catholicism had been so far from the minds of the nation's representatives in 1789, but financial concerns, when combined with external and internal threats, eventually led to a full-scale attack on the Catholic Church. The Revolution represented a key development in the secularization that would stretch across Europe. Both revolutionary governments and Napoleon were unprepared for the resentment that met State incursion into spiritual matters. Later the removal of Catholic institutions and their personnel, simply forced religious worship into the private sphere and increased the involvement of the laity, trends that would also mark the religious revival that took place in France in the nineteenth century. The consequences of this drastic experiment in the transformation of Church-State relationship would reverberate in France until the 1905 separation of Church and State and are still felt today as States continue to negotiate the sensitive relationship between Church, State and religious belief.</p>
<p>Daily Masses: 7.30am Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday (Saturday: Holy Hour, Confession and Mass); Tuesday 5.00pm: Adoration, Novena, Confession, Benediction and 6pm Mass. First Friday of the month: 5pm Holy Hour and 6pm Mass Weekend Mass times: Saturday: Vigil 5pm Sunday: 8am, 9:30am and 2nd Sunday of the month at 3pm: Divine Mercy Chaplet with Benediction and Mass. Baptisms after 9:30 Mass Marriage and Baptism inquiries please contact Parish Office. YouTube Streaming: stjosephcomo</p>	 <p>Rosa says: "Thank you for your prayers".</p>	<p>Church Closed Until Midnight Friday 16th July 2021</p>	<p>The Age of Exploration, which took place between the fifteenth and seventeenth centuries, created an unprecedented situation for the Church. With the discovery of vast new lands, it was realized that there were untold millions of people who had never been reached with the message of Jesus Christ. Missionaries therefore began undertaking the hardships and dangers that international travel posed at the time. They spread all over the globe, accompanying the explorers and bringing the message of Christ to people everywhere. But there was a problem: the various colonial powers, primarily Spain and Portugal, but also France, England, and the Netherlands that had discovered the new lands, were also busy competing with each other to set up colonies. Each nation was seeking its own advantage and did not want to fall behind the others. This meant that these powers also competed with and in many cases exploited the native populations of these lands. Worse, some of the exploiters cited their own Christian faith as justification for conquering. What did the missionaries do? The Catholic ones complained to the pope about what the conquistadors and others were doing, and in 1537, Pope Paul III issued a document known as Pastoralis Officium, in which he noted that Charles V, holy Roman emperor, had forbidden his subjects from enslaving or robbing native people in mission lands. He then added to this injunction, the ultimate Church penalty of excommunication for enslaving native inhabitants.</p>	<p>ST JOSEPH'S ART AND CRAFT SHOW Friday 22nd October 2021: 6 -10pm and Saturday 23rd October 9.30 - 4pm. Please register your interest through the Church office email (stjocomo@bigpond.com). These will be handed to Mary Harrison and her assistants. Handiwork, with name attached, to the Church Hall, by 15th October. Mary Harrison</p>	
<p>St. Joseph's Como is a <i>Community that cares for safeguarding children.</i> Safeguarding Office at (02) 9390 5810 or safeguardingenquiries@sydneycatholic.org.</p>	<p>Dear Dragica, May God bless you on your 82nd Birthday</p> 		<p>Donations are most appreciated to assist in the cost of the kneelers at \$13,300. Up to date, donations of \$8,600 have been received. Thank you for your generosity.</p> 	<p>Jamie Kim and his friends, keeping our lawns around the church tidy.</p>	
<p>Our sick: Steve Smith, Barbara Moore, Jimmy Chandra, David Low, Roger Minshull, Jim Hagley, Elizabeth Kinsela, Ida Melis, Katrina Marinilli, Rita Shah, Julia Lock, Marie Lawsen, Ian Duffey, Glennise Hall, Eliette Majdandzic; Barbara Eadie, Dragica Furda, May Kenny, Carmen Camilleri, Jan Gurba, Mary Carmen Borg, Norma Cook, Josefa Dabu, Josie Lay, Christine Woodard, Maria Suszycka, Urszula Kaminska, Thea Van Gastel, Josephine Marinilli, Steven Marinilli and all homebound and dear friends from Mildred Symons House.</p>	 <p>Scan the bar code on the left with your mobile phone camera and follow the instructions therein. https://www.bpoint.com.au/pay/COMOOYSTERBAYPARISH</p>	<p>To all PG contributors: we are encouraged to accept a new Fund known as "Charitable Works Fund Trust" with 30% tax-deductibility. Please note that this is a different fund from the CWF which is still offering tax deduction of 100%.</p>	<p>We are advised not to use the music of David Haas in liturgies from this weekend onwards. There is an issue with copyright of this composer's music. We should not be publishing lyrics / composition or using the music of this composer.</p>		